

$$1a) R\phi := \sigma_{'01-01-2011' < DATAINIZIO \wedge '31-12-2011' > DATAINIZIO} \quad EC$$

$$R1 := \rho_{\substack{CC \leftarrow CODICE CORSO \\ DI \leftarrow DATAINIZIO}} \quad \pi_{\substack{CODICE CORSO \\ DATAINIZIO \\ CODPALESTRA}} \quad R\phi$$

$$R2 := \sigma_{CC \neq COD CORSO} (R\phi \times R1)$$

$$PA \times \rho_{CODICE \leftarrow CODPALESTRA} \quad \pi_{CODPALESTRA} \quad R2$$

$$1b) R\phi := \pi_{COSTO} \quad CO$$

$$R1 := \rho_{C \leftarrow COSTO} \quad R\phi$$

$$R2 := R\phi - \pi_{COSTO} (\sigma_{COSTO < C} (R\phi \times R1))$$

$$R3 := CO \times R2$$

$$AL \times \rho_{CF \leftarrow ISTRUTTORE RESPONSABILE} \quad \pi_{ISTRUTTORE RESPONSABILE} \quad R3$$

$$1c) R1 := \rho_{\substack{CF \leftarrow CF CLIENTE \\ CODICE \leftarrow CODPALESTRA}} \quad \pi_{CF CLIENTE, CODPALESTRA} \quad (ISME)$$

$$R2 := (\pi_{CF} CL) \times (\pi_{CODICE} PA)$$

$$CL - CL \times (\pi_{CF} (R3 - R2))$$

3)

$0 \leq |\pi_{\text{CODICE DESTRA}}(EC)| \leq |EC| \leq |PA|$  per vincolo di chiave esterna

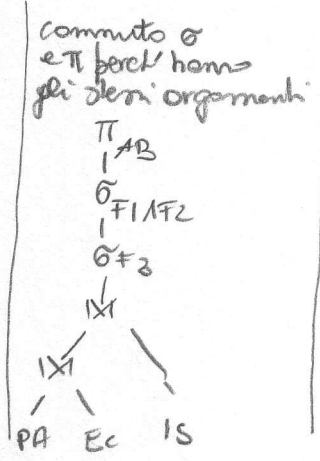
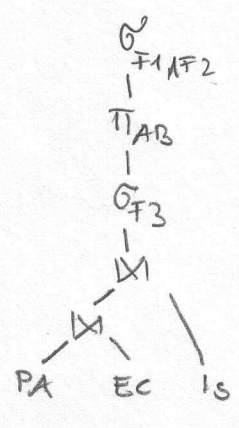
$0 \leq |PA \bowtie CL| \leq |PA| \cdot |CL|$  per chi'  $\bowtie$  è un nome  
ma

$0 \leq |\pi_{\text{DESTRA PREFERITA}}(PA \bowtie CL)| \leq |PA|$  per vincolo chiave esterna

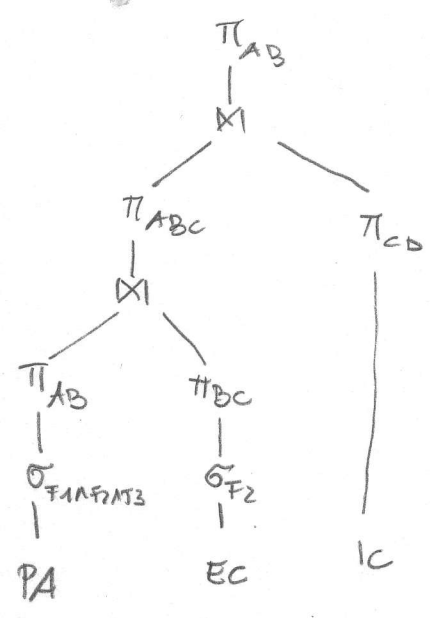
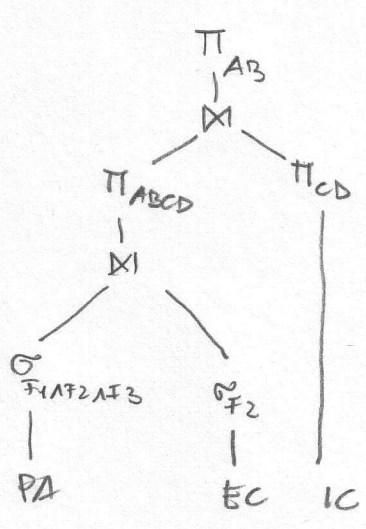
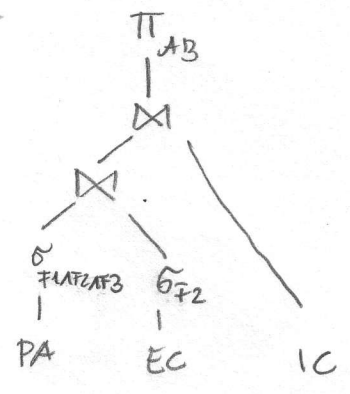
Di conseguenza si può solo concludere che

$0 \leq |E_{\text{spunione totale}}| \leq |PA|$

2)  $\sigma_{F1 \wedge F2} (\pi_{A,B} \sigma_{F3} (PA \bowtie EC \bowtie IS)) \equiv \sigma_{F1 \wedge F2} \pi_{AB} \sigma_{F3} ((PA \bowtie E) \bowtie IS)$   
 B è N-SCRITTO, C è CODICE CORSO, D è Data inizio  
 A è città

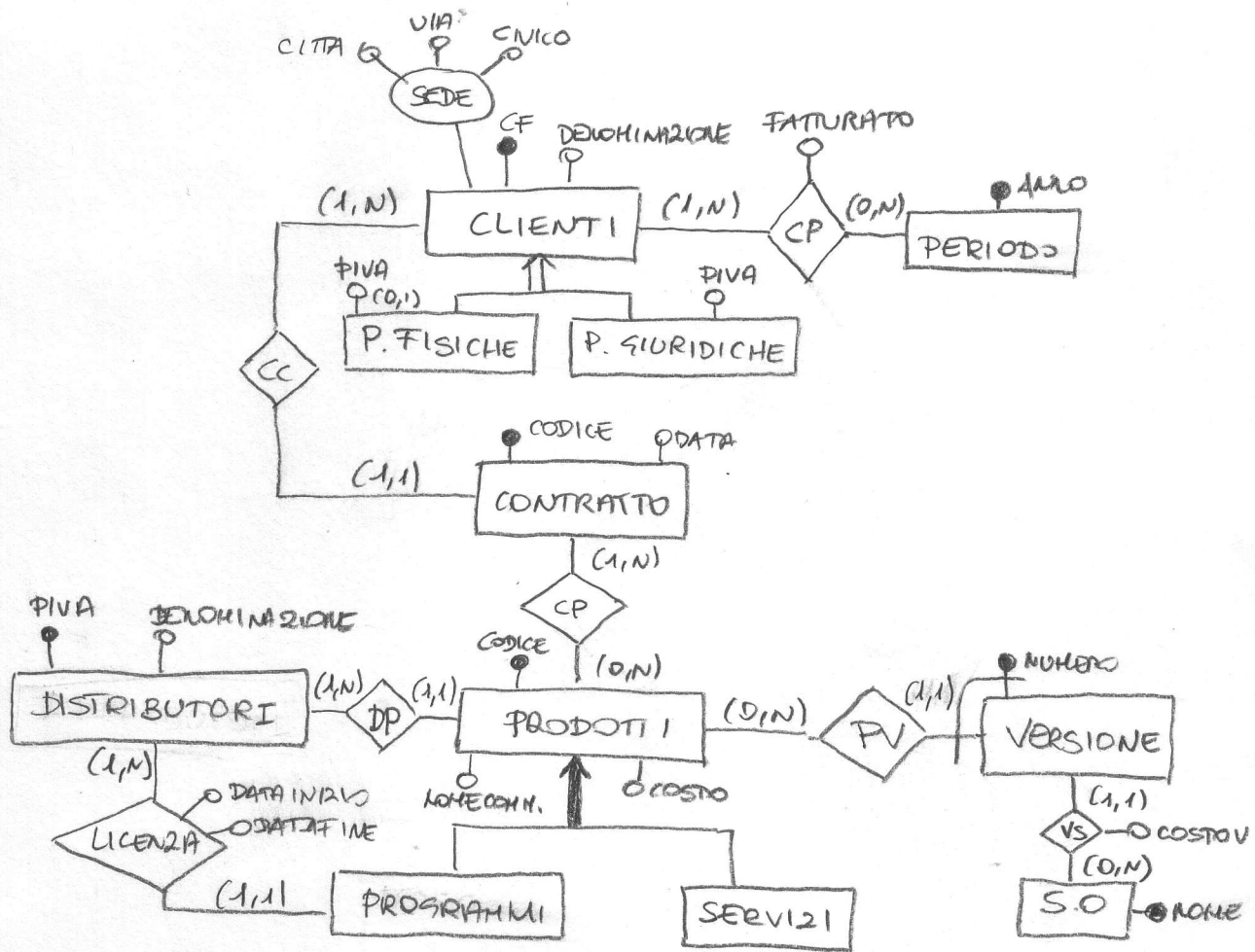


$F1 \wedge F3$  solo su PA  
 $F2$  su PA e EC  
 in 3 passaggi di push down delle  $\sigma$   
 $\sigma_{F1 \wedge F2} (E_1 \bowtie E_2) \equiv (\sigma_{F1} E_1) \bowtie E_2$



4)

01-02-2012



5) ABBONAMENTO (CFA, NA, DNA, CC, A, DC, LC, CO, CAB)

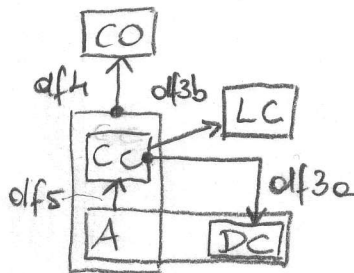
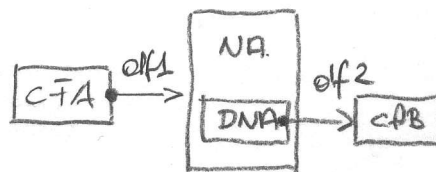
df1: CFA → NA, DNA

df2: DNA → CAB

df3: CC → DC, LC

df4: A, CC → CO

df5: A, DC → CC

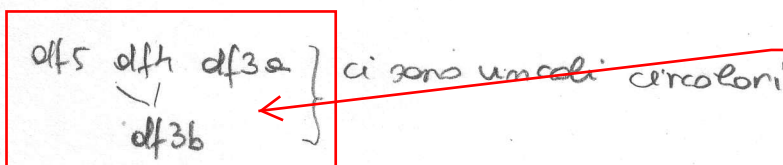


l'insieme minimo perche' df5 e df3a sono dipendenze non riducibili

Lo stesso per df5 e df4

Le relazione ABBONAMENTO non e' BOYCE-CODD perche' la chiave \* CFA, A, DC non e' l'unico determinante

df1  
|  
df2



In realtà df3b, df4 e df3a dipendono parzialmente da df5



$$\pi_{df2} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_{DNA, CAB} (\text{ABBONAMENTO}) := R_1 (\underline{DNA}, CAB) \quad \text{\textcircled{e}} \text{ BCNF} \\ \pi_{DNA, CFA, NA, CC, A, DC, LC, CO} (\text{ABBONAMENTO}) := R' \quad \text{non BCNF} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\pi_{df1} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_{CFA, NA, DNA} (R') := R_2 (\underline{CFA}, NA, DNA) \quad \text{\textcircled{e}} \text{ BCNF} \\ \pi_{CFA, CC, A, DC, LC, CO} (R') = R'' \quad \text{non \textcircled{e} BCNF} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\pi_{df3b} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_{CC, LC} (R'') := R_3 (\underline{CC}, LC) \quad \text{\textcircled{e}} \text{ BCNF} \\ \pi_{CFA, CC, A, DC, CO} (R'') := R''' \quad \text{non \textcircled{e} BCNF} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\pi_{df4} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \pi_{A, CC, CO} (R''') := R_4 (\underline{A}, \underline{CC}, CO) \quad \text{\textcircled{e}} \text{ BCNF} \\ \pi_{CFA, A, CC, DC} (R''') := R^{IV} \quad \text{non \textcircled{e} BCNF} \end{array} \right.$$

$R^{IV} (\underline{CFA}, \underline{A}, \underline{CC}, DC)$  non \textcircled{e} BCNF ma \textcircled{e} ATOMICA

a causa di dfs e df3a

La normalizzazione verso BCNF non \textcircled{e} finita  
senza eliminare df!